

**Assignment 1 - Differential Equations**

Do the SOWISO practice exercises **Determining the type and order of ODEs** and **Solving an initial value problem** in the chapter **Differential Equations** before you start with the tasks below..

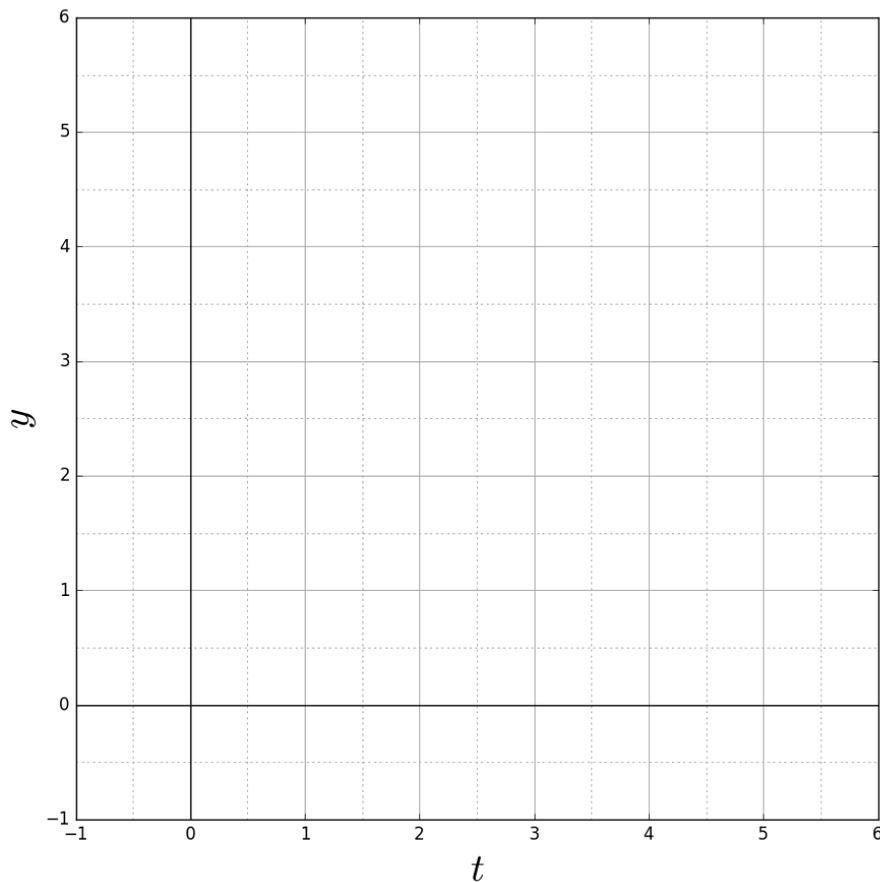
**Slope fields and solution curves**

Read the SOWISO theory page **Slope field** in the section **Slope fields and solution curves** of the chapter **Differential equations**.

**Assignment 2 - Logistic growth**

a Draw in the below diagram the slope field corresponding with the differential equation

$$y' = y\left(1 - \frac{y}{5}\right)$$



Read the SOWISO theory page **Behaviour of solutions** in the section **Slope fields and solution curves**.

**b** Draw the two equilibrium solutions with a solid line.

**c** Given the initial value

$$y(0) = 1$$

sketch the solution curve that corresponds with this initial value.

**d** What can you say about the stability of the equilibrium solutions drawn in part **b**?

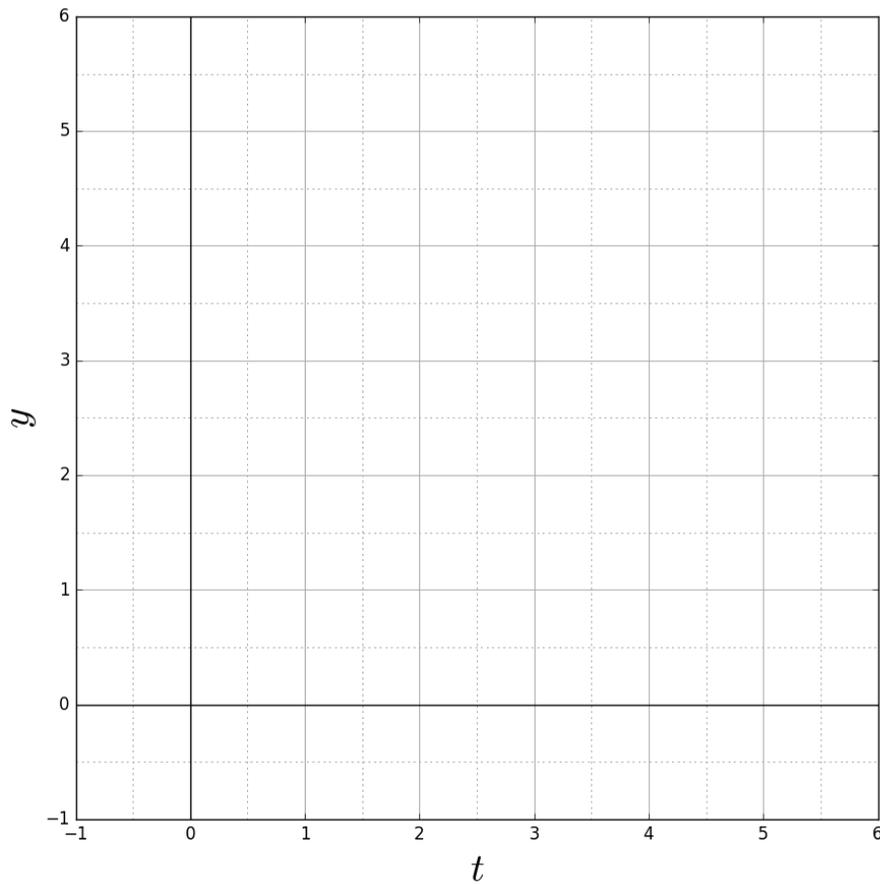
### **Assignment 3**

Do the SOWISO practice exercises **Working with slope fields**.

**Assignment 4 - Time dependency**

a Sketch in the below diagram the slope field that corresponds with the differential equation

$$y' = 3 - y - t$$



b Sketch the solution curve that corresponds with the initial value

$$y(0) = 0$$

c Also sketch the solution curve that corresponds with the initial value

$$y(0) = 6$$

**d** As you may notice, both solution curves tend to approach a straight line with slope  $-1$ . Such a line is also called an *isocline*. Determine the equation of this line. Write your answer in the form

$$y = at + b$$

Draw this line in the diagram.

### Assignment 5 - Transformation

We consider the differential equation of the previous assignment once more:

$$y' = 3 - y - t$$

As you may notice, this differential equation depends explicitly on time. We can get rid of this time dependency by transforming the equation.

**a** Define a new variable  $u(t) = 3 - y(t) - t$  and show that you can rewrite the original differential equation in  $y$  as the following differential equation in  $u$ :

$$u' = -(u + 1)$$

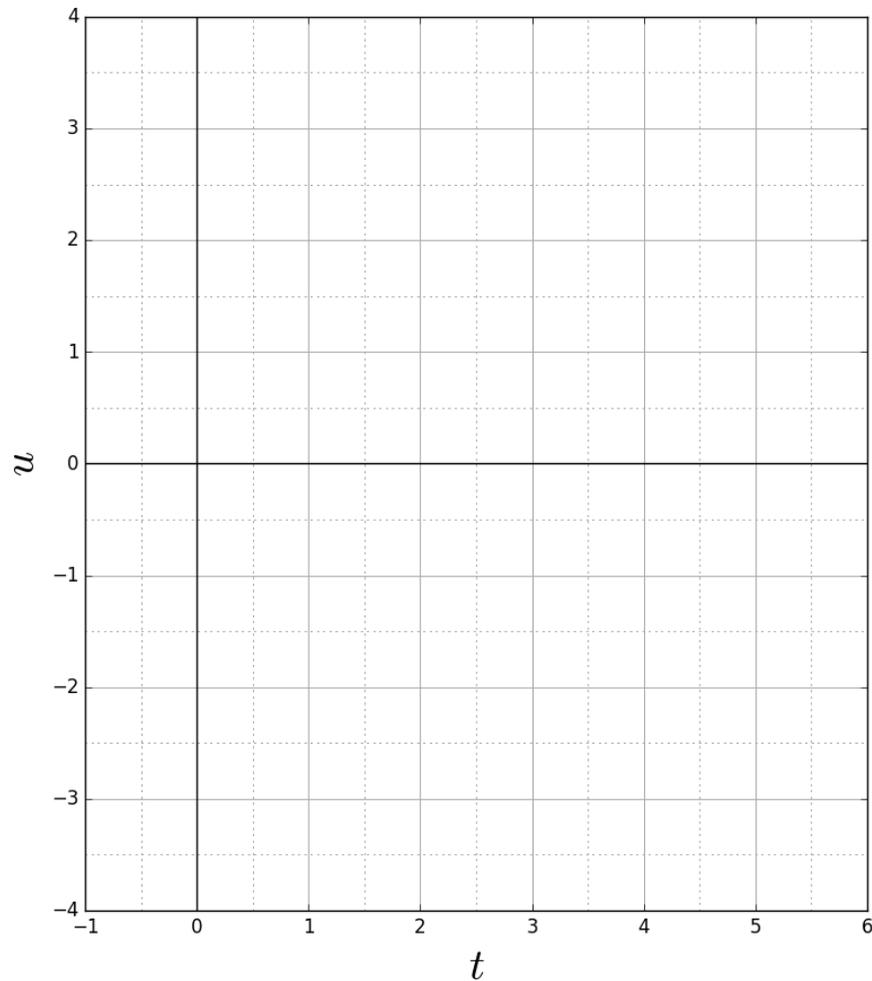
**b** Write the initial values of  $y$  from the previous assignment

$$y(0) = 0, \quad y(0) = 6$$

in terms of  $u$ . So, you get two answers of the form

$$u(0) = a, \quad u(0) = b$$

c Sketch in the below diagram the slope field that corresponds with the differential equation of  $u$ .



d Sketch the solution curve that corresponds with the initial values  $a$  and  $b$  that you found in part b.

e Both solutions approach the line  $u = -1$ . Substitute this value in the defining equation of  $u$  in terms  $y$  and  $t$ , so

$$u = 3 - y - t$$

and solve for  $y$  in terms of  $t$ . Compare your answer with the one found in question 4d.